Violence Prevention and Response

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Violence Prevention and Response Projects

KEY

- Violence Prevention and Response
- Target Province
- Non-Target Province
Violence Prevention and Response: 
47% of total program commitment (2018–2019)

- Violence Prevention and Services: 47%
- Women’s Economic Empowerment: 20%
- Women’s Leadership and Influence: 17%
- Enhanced Knowledge and Understanding and M&E: 11%
- Administration and Management: 5%
Key achievements

Community Awareness and Outreach

785,798 women, men, girls and boys were reached through one-on-one discussions, group forums and campaigns that challenge social gender norms and violence against children. This included 247,435 people reached since July 2018 and 163,854 people reached through the response to the Highlands earthquakes.

Engaging Men

2,430 men have actively engaged in promoting gender equality. This includes 127 men since July 2018.

Crisis Support Services

15,749 women and girls have accessed services including counselling, case management, health or justice services and emergency repatriation and reintegration support in the case of extreme violence. A total of 6,498 women and girls have accessed these services since July 2018. This includes 5,303 women and girls who accessed support services following the Highlands earthquakes. 101 women and girls have been relocated due to extreme violence since July 2018.
Violence Prevention and Response

Women and girls, and men and boys, and communities act to address violence against women.

- Quality services continue to expand and result in more survivors of violence accessing services and reporting violence when it occurs.
- Legislative and policy reforms or practices that protect women and children from violence and protect human rights are implemented in the public and private sectors.

Progress towards Violence Prevention and Response

Intermediate-term outcomes

- On track to achieve outcome
- Some progress made
- Not on track to achieve outcome
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- Quality services continue to expand and result in more survivors of violence accessing services and reporting violence when it occurs.
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Progress towards Enhanced Knowledge and Understanding intermediate-term outcomes (2017–2019)

Enhanced Knowledge and Understanding

Evidence about gender inequality and discrimination, causes of violence and drivers of change in Papua New Guinea is widely disseminated and used to enhance program planning.

There is increased availability of information and training to support women’s leadership, economic empowerment, prevention of family and sexual violence, and improve service delivery.

Innovative approaches that improve women’s lives trialled through Pacific Women are taken up by other Australian investments.
Lessons learned

1. Supporting the Government’s priorities promotes sustainable change
2. Change is not only possible, it is happening
3. It is worth investing in the development and testing of materials for use in low literacy contexts
4. All development efforts need to acknowledge the context of violence and to support their staff
5. Working with young people provides opportunities to change attitudes at formative stages
6. The sum of the program is greater than its component parts
7. Sustainable change depends a lot on relationships and trust
Q&A

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